Welcome to the Auckland Law School

Taking the first step toward your future career is an important decision – you need a degree that is globally respected and will equip you for success.

The Auckland Law School has a long tradition of excellence, founded on the calibre of its staff, students and resources. As New Zealand’s top ranked law school (QS World Rankings, 2016), our degree programmes are taught by some of this country’s leading scholars.

We have higher entry standards for our degrees than any other New Zealand law school, so studying with us will be both challenging and highly rewarding. You’ll be part of a tight-knit community, with social and support networks available and lecturers who are invested in their students’ success.

Facilities designed to support your learning include the Davis Law Library which has New Zealand’s most extensive collection of legal research materials. We are situated in the heart of Auckland’s legal precinct, with established links to the legal profession and judiciary.

Auckland Law School students epitomise Auckland’s philosophy of academic rigour coupled with enthusiasm for the law. Auckland students have won the national mooting championships eight of the last nine years. We have one of the most active and successful law student societies in the country.

Recently we’ve introduced a Legal Research, Writing and Communication programme for all Part II students – no other law school in New Zealand has a course that is as extensive. Through small-group workshops and intensive mentoring, it introduces students to important skills for legal practice.

From the Law Revue to student competitions, from social and sports events to seminars and workshops, there are countless opportunities to participate, meet other law students and forge life-long friendships.

We welcome your interest in the Auckland Law School and look forward to you starting your journey with us.

PROFESSOR ANDREW STOCKLEY
Dean of Law
The University of Auckland

Why study with us?

The Auckland Law School:

- Is ranked the best law school in New Zealand and one of the best law schools in the world.*
- Provides small group teaching at all levels and offers the largest range of undergraduate courses of any of the New Zealand law schools.
- Has the highest entry standards for second year law, meaning graduates are highly sought after.
- Allows you to combine your law degree with a wide range of conjoint programmes (in arts, commerce, engineering, health sciences, music**, property or science).
- Has outstanding facilities including the Davis Law Library, New Zealand’s leading legal research library.
- Is situated in the heart of the legal precinct, next to the High Court and the nation’s leading law firms.
- Offers an extensive study abroad programme, assisting students to spend a semester overseas at other top law schools.
- Provides a wealth of opportunities for top students, including being able to work on the Auckland Law Review, take part in the Equal Justice programme, and participate in mootings, sentencing advocacy, witness examination and many other competitions.
- Has very active and supportive Māori and Pacific law student societies and programmes.

Where can the LLB take you?

A degree from the University of Auckland Law School is well-respected. In any given year, about half our graduates take up positions in New Zealand law firms, while the other half begin their careers in other professional organisations. These include accounting and consulting firms, business and industry, national and local government, teaching, research and journalism, international, environmental and other non-government organisations.

Our graduates can be found practising law in New Zealand and worldwide - many of our former students work for leading law firms in London, New York, Sydney, Hong Kong, Singapore, and others. Some of our top students go on to study for the LLM and PhD degrees. The Auckland Law School offers the most extensive postgraduate programme in the country. Our students regularly win scholarships and prizes to continue their studies overseas. Some of last year’s graduates are now pursuing higher degrees at Oxford, Cambridge, Harvard, Yale and Columbia, and other top overseas universities.

Becoming a barrister and solicitor

After completing the LLB or LLB(Hons) degree, if you wish to be admitted as a barrister and solicitor, you must complete a three-month Professional Legal Studies course.

*QS World University Rankings in Law, 2016 (ranked 32nd worldwide).
**Subject to approval.
What can you study?

Bachelor of Laws (LLB)

Full time: 4 years  
Taught at: City Campus  
Points per degree: 480  
Application closing dates: 1 December 2016 for LLB Part II  
8 December 2016 for LLB Part I  
Classes start: 6 March 2017  

The Bachelor of Laws (LLB) degree is a four-year (eight-semester) degree for a full-time student. The degree comprises 480 points, studied in four parts (Parts I–IV).

What you will study in LLB Part I

LAW 121G Law and Society and LAW 131 Legal Method

LAW 121G is offered in both Semester One and Semester Two of each year while LAW 131 is offered only in Semester Two. All undergraduate law students wishing to pursue an LLB degree are required to take LAW 121G as a prerequisite to LAW 131. LAW 131 requires a prerequisite of a C+ or better pass in LAW 121G.

LAW 121G is an introduction to theories of the nature, functions and origins of law and legal systems, while LAW 131 is an introductory study of how law is made and applied in New Zealand. Each course usually involves three one-hour lectures per week and a compulsory one-hour tutorial every fortnight. These courses cannot be studied extramurally.

Non-law courses

You will be required to choose 90 non-law points as a foundation for your other bachelors degree. Before making your selection, you are encouraged to seek guidance from the other faculty’s student centre.

General Education courses

Courses in General Education are a distinctive feature of the University of Auckland bachelors degrees. All students enrolled in a bachelors degree are required to take one or two General Education courses, depending on their individual programme.

LLB students enrol for LAW 121G Law and Society in LLB Part I. Students accepted to LLB Part II cannot count LAW 121G as a General Education course and are required to complete 15 further points from the General Education courses. See: www.auckland.ac.nz/generaleducation.

Students not accepted into LLB Part II and who continue with another degree will most likely be able to include LAW 121G as a General Education course in their other degree. Please check your specific degree programme regulations.

Special arrangements apply if you are transferring from another tertiary institution with credit.

When you embark on a Law degree you will learn analytical, communication and research skills, and gain an understanding of legal ethics, professional responsibility and the role law plays in society.

Unlike other degrees, the LLB degree does not have a major attached to it. Everyone who earns an LLB degree gains a broad background in the law. The degree is a combination of law compulsory courses, law elective courses, non-law courses from another degree programme and one General Education course. A wide range of law elective courses are available, including Corporate and Commercial, Public, Criminal, International, Family, and Environmental Law.

To become an LLB Part I student you must first apply and be accepted into one other bachelors degree programme for your non-law courses.

If you complete LLB Part I but do not gain selection into LLB Part II, you will probably want to pursue an alternative qualification. As you will have already completed courses for another degree in your first year, you will have laid a good foundation for further study and will in most cases be able to credit the two law courses from the first year to your alternative degree.

If you are a graduate, you will apply for LLB Part I and possibly another programme if you wish to improve your grades for application for LLB Part II. Alternatively, if you demonstrate legal aptitude (eg, by having a good Law School Admission Test (LSAT) score) you can apply for admission to LLB Part I and LLB Part II concurrently. Graduates should consult one of the student advisers in the Law School.

LLB Part II

LLB Part II consists of five compulsory courses, which can be completed in the second year of study for those full-time students completing an LLB as a single degree, or across the second and third year of study for those completing conjoint degrees.

Entry into LLB Part II is limited and determined on a competitive basis. The minimum GPA can vary from year to year.

What you will study in LLB Part II

LAW 121G Law and Society

LAW 121G is the introduction to theories of the nature, functions and origins of law and legal systems, while LAW 131 is an introductory study of how law is made and applied in New Zealand. Each course usually involves three one-hour lectures per week and a compulsory one-hour tutorial every fortnight. These courses cannot be studied extramurally.

The degree comprises 480 points, studied in four parts (Parts I–IV).
## Sample LLB degree structure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PART</th>
<th>Law compulsory courses</th>
<th>Law elective courses</th>
<th>General Education courses</th>
<th>Courses for other non-law degree</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>LAW 121 Law and Society (15 points)</td>
<td>LAW 301 Law and Society (20 points)</td>
<td>LAW 298 Legal Research &amp; Writing and Comm (10 points)</td>
<td>LAW 499 Law Practice (8 points)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>LAW 231 Law of Torts (10 points)</td>
<td>LAW 316 Non-law Jurisprudence (15 points)</td>
<td>LAW 211 Public Law (30 points)</td>
<td>Law elective courses (45 points)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>LAW 201 Criminal Law (20 points)</td>
<td>LAW 131 Non-law Legal Method (15 points)</td>
<td>LAW 231 Law of Torts (10 points)</td>
<td>LAW 499 Law Practice (8 points)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>LAW 121 Law and Society (15 points)</td>
<td>LAW 306 Equitable Law (15 points)</td>
<td>LAW 211 Public Law (30 points)</td>
<td>Law elective courses (45 points)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Although an elective course for the LLB, the Council for Legal Education (CLE) requires students intending to be admitted to the Bar to take this course.

### Conjoint degrees with law

Conjoint degrees enable you to complete the requirements of two degrees simultaneously, thereby reducing the total time required by one year of equivalent full-time study.

Admission can be in the first year, or at any point before you have passed not more than 270 points for either component degree. Continuation depends on maintaining a good academic record.

**Bachelor of Arts/Bachelor of Laws (BA/LLB)**

The BA/LLB lets you choose from a wide range of subjects offered by the faculties of Arts and Law. You can create your own combination of subjects provided they comply with the course regulations of both degrees.

**Bachelor of Commerce/Bachelor of Laws (BCom/LLB)**

If you intend practising in commercial, taxation and company areas, then a BCom/LLB is an excellent choice. With this conjoint degree combination you will also gain a broad background suitable for a position in management or public administration.

**Bachelor of Engineering (Honours)/Bachelor of Laws (BE(Hons)/LLB)**

The BE(Hons)/LLB lets you combine legal training with professional engineering training. This conjoint combination is well suited to a career in management within a large engineering firm or in fields such as resource management, intellectual property and information systems.

**Bachelor of Music/Bachelor of Laws (BMus/LLB)**

This conjoint degree programme will be offered in 2017 subject to approval. For more information visit [www.law.auckland.ac.nz](http://www.law.auckland.ac.nz).

**Bachelor of Health Sciences/Bachelor of Laws (BHSc/LLB)**

You can plan a programme offering a sound introduction to law and the healthcare sector with a BHSc/LLB conjoint degree combination. This could lead to a career in medical law, health policy, health management or healthcare ethics.

**Bachelor of Property/Bachelor of Laws (BProp/LLB)**

The conjoint BProp/LLB degree will provide you with a sound background for work as a specialist legal adviser or a management position within the property industry. In addition to the legal skills and knowledge gained from the LLB degree, you will gain an understanding of property valuation, investment, management and marketing.

**Bachelor of Science/Bachelor of Laws (BSc/LLB)**

If you have an aptitude for science, conjoint BSc/LLB degrees give you an excellent opportunity to construct a programme of study that can lead to a career in environmental law, intellectual property law, or a career within the scientific community. This could include the fields of biotechnology, information technology and forensic science.

### The LLB conjoint structure

Apart from the BE(Hons)/LLB, conjoint programmes with Law comprise 390 points of Law courses, 255 points of courses from another degree, and a 15-point General Education course.

The BE(Hons)/LLB comprises 390 points of Law courses and 405 points of Engineering courses.

There are several ways of structuring conjoint degrees and you are advised to consult with both faculties concerned before enrolling for your courses.

Normally you would take either 120 or 135 points in each year of your conjoint programmes. The first year usually comprises LAW 121G, LAW 131, and 90 points of courses prescribed for the other degree. LLB Part II is normally taken over two years. Usually LAW 201, LAW 211 and LAW 298 are taken in the second year and LAW 231 and LAW 241 in the third year.

If you wish to undertake BCom/LLB conjoint degrees, you should not include COMLAW 101. In your BCom component degree, you are not permitted to include Commercial Law courses or majors in Commercial Law and Taxation. Refer to the BCom/LLB regulations in the University of Auckland Calendar.

There is considerable flexibility in planning conjoint programmes. The sample LLB conjoint degree structure on the next page is only one of several possible plans.
(i) This conjoint plan allows completion of the conjoint degrees programme in five years, but it involves a heavier than normal load in four of the five years. There is no need to complete within the minimum timeframe, and students may wish to enrol for a more manageable load by extending the overall timeframe to five years plus one semester (or longer).

(ii) BE(Hons)/LLB conjoint degrees satisfy the requirements of two professional bodies. Students should expect to take six years, and are advised to consult with the Faculty of Engineering in the first instance.

“Although an elective course for the LLB, the Council for Legal Education (CLE) requires students intending to be admitted to the Bar to take this course.

Law compulsory courses

- LAW 131G Law and Society (15 points)
- LAW 239 Legal Research, Writing, and Cours (10 points)
- LAW 231 Law of Torts (30 points)
- LAW 241 Law of Contract (30 points)
- LAW 301 Equity (20 points)
- LAW 310 Jurisprudence (15 points)
- LAW 458* Legal Ethics (10 points)
- LAW 499 Legal Practice (0 points)

Law elective courses

- LAW 201 Constitutional Law (30 points)
- LAW 211 Public Law (30 points)
- LAW 306 Contract Law (30 points)
- LAW 310 Equity (20 points)
- LAW 399 Legal Research 2 (10 points)
- LAW 401 Law of Torts (30 points)
- LAW 458* Legal Ethics (10 points)

General Education courses

- LAW 121L Legal Method (15 points)
- LAW 201 Constitutional Law (30 points)
- LAW 211 Public Law (30 points)
- LAW 306 Contract Law (30 points)
- LAW 399 Legal Research 2 (10 points)

Other degree

(Non-Law (15 points) Law elective courses (45 points) Other degree (15 points) Non-Law (15 points))

Law elective courses

- LAW 201 Constitutional Law (30 points)
- LAW 211 Public Law (30 points)
- LAW 306 Contract Law (30 points)
- LAW 399 Legal Research 2 (10 points)

Other degree

(General Education courses (15 points))

Courses for other conjoint degree

*Non-Law (15 points) Non-Law (15 points) Non-Law (15 points) Non-Law (15 points) Non-Law (15 points) Law elective courses (45 points) Other degree (15 points) Non-Law (5 points)

Law elective courses

- LAW 201 Constitutional Law (30 points)
- LAW 211 Public Law (30 points)
- LAW 306 Contract Law (30 points)
- LAW 399 Legal Research 2 (10 points)

Other degree

(General Education courses (15 points))

Courses for other conjoint degree

*Non-Law (15 points) Non-Law (15 points) Non-Law (15 points) Non-Law (15 points) Non-Law (15 points) Law elective courses (45 points) Other degree (15 points) Non-Law (5 points)

Law elective courses

- LAW 201 Constitutional Law (30 points)
- LAW 211 Public Law (30 points)
- LAW 306 Contract Law (30 points)
- LAW 399 Legal Research 2 (10 points)

Other degree

(General Education courses (15 points))

Courses for other conjoint degree

*Non-Law (15 points) Non-Law (15 points) Non-Law (15 points) Non-Law (15 points) Non-Law (15 points) Law elective courses (45 points) Other degree (15 points) Non-Law (5 points)
How do you get in?

**LLB Part I**
All first year law applicants apply for:
- The Bachelor of Laws (LLB) Part I
AND
- Another degree programme for your non-law courses.
I If you have gained the University Entrance Standard and are admitted to another programme at this University you will be admitted to LLB Part I.
I If you are a graduate, or already enrolled in another University of Auckland bachelor's programme, you will be admitted to LLB Part I.
Admission to a conjoint programme with Law requires a higher entry standard.
**LLB Part II**
Places in LLB Part II are limited and all applicants must go through a selection process. A maximum of 320 places will be available in 2017 for each of the LLB Part II courses. This allocation includes returning Part II students.
To be considered for selection into LLB Part II in 2016, applicants need to have:
- Passed LAW 121G and LAW 131 (or their equivalents at another New Zealand law school) with at least a C+
AND
- Gained at least 90 points (or the equivalent) of non-law university degree courses.
Entry into LLB Part II is limited and determined on a competitive basis. Entry into LLB Part II is calculated on the basis of your grades in LAW 121G, LAW 131, (weighted doubly) plus your best 90 points from non-law courses. The Selection Committee meets in late December.
If you have repeated LAW 121G, LAW 131 or both courses to improve your grade, please note that both your first and second attempts will be factored in when the Law GPA is calculated.
The overall average grade required for selection into LLB Part II can vary from year to year, depending on the number of applicants. In recent years the minimum grade required has been between a B+ (GPA 6.00) and A- (GPA 7.00).

**Transferring students**
If you are applying to transfer from another New Zealand law school you should contact a Faculty of Law student adviser.
Transferring applicants and all graduates who have applied online for Law at the University of Auckland need to forward a photocopy of their academic transcripts to the Law Selection Committee by the end of November. Address: Law Selection Committee, Faculty of Law, Private Bag 92019, Auckland. If your results are not available by early December, you are asked to forward a photocopy of your 2016 results to the Law Selection Committee as soon as they are available.

**Graduate admission**
If you are a graduate, you may be selected on the basis of your grades in LAW 121G and LAW 131, plus your best 90 points (or equivalent) from your most recent year of university study. Alternatively, if you demonstrate legal aptitude (eg, by having a good LSAT score) you can apply for admission to LLB Part I and LLB Part II concurrently. Graduates should consult one of the student advisers in the Faculty of Law.

**International students**
The Auckland Law School welcomes applications to LLB Part I and LLB Part II from international students. Applications can be based on qualifications obtained outside New Zealand. If you are an international student entering from an international education provider and English is not your first language, you will be required to submit proof of your English language proficiency.
This can be in the form of an IELTS or TOEFL score. For the LLB Part I, an IELTS score of 7.0 with no band less than 6.5 is required, or some equivalent measure of English language proficiency.
International graduate applicants: refer to information under Graduate Admission on this page.

For more details contact the International Office:
**Phone:** +64 9 373 7513
**Email:** int-questions@auckland.ac.nz
**www. international.auckland.ac.nz**

**Undergraduate Targeted Admission Schemes**
Undergraduate Targeted Admission Schemes (UTAS) are open to eligible Māori, Pacific, and students with disabilities, students from refugee backgrounds (SRB), and students from low socio-economic backgrounds (low SEB).
If you are eligible for UTAS and have completed LLB Part I and believe you can achieve at least a C+ average, you will be encouraged to apply for LLB Part II.
The Selection Committee allocates the places with consideration given to academic criteria as well as information gathered in an interview.
All applicants for UTAS must complete a separate application available from the Faculty of Law website or Law Student Centre. Māori students and indigenous Pacific residents must be available in mid-December 2016 for an interview by a Māori or Pacific panel. Other UTAS students must provide documentary evidence of their status. For more information, contact the Law School student advisers.

**Academic English Language Requirement**
The University has an Academic English Requirement (AELR) for all its undergraduate programmes. The aim of the AELR is to ensure you have a sufficient level of competence in academic English to support your study at University. The AELR will not affect whether you are offered a place on a programme, and may be met through your entrance qualification or through satisfactory completion of an approved course in your first year of study.
Applicants who have not met the AELR through their entrance qualification will be provided with advice at the time of enrolment. For further information see: www.auckland.ac.nz/aelr
What should I study before undertaking law?
There are no prescribed subjects. Linguistic and essay writing skills are useful for studying law. Many students take one subject in Classical Studies, English, Geography, History, History of Art, Te Reo Māori or Te Reo Rangatira for NCEA Level 3 or equivalent qualification.

At university level, subjects such as English, History, Politics and International Relations, and Philosophy are recommended for similar reasons.

Why do I have to apply for two programmes if I only want to study law?
The Bachelor of Laws (LLB) regulations require students to enrol in six other non-law courses under one degree programme along with LAW 121G and LAW 131 as studying two disciplines broadens the knowledge of all law students. This is a requirement of the Council of Legal Education.

How is a GPA calculated?
Averages are calculated on the following scale:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A+</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>A-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>7.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>B-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>C-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In calculating the GPA, “withdrawals”, “did not sit” and “did not complete” results are counted as zero, except where:
- Courses (other than LAW 121G and LAW 131) taken in the same year total more than 90 points.

OR
- You can demonstrate that the “withdrawal”, “did not sit” or “did not complete” result was due to extraordinary and significant circumstances beyond your control and documentary evidence can be produced. Application needs to be made in writing to the Selection Committee in December of the year in which you are applying.

What if I believe my most recent year of academic study is not representative of my ability?
If you believe that exceptional circumstances beyond your control prevented you from achieving grades indicative of your ability, you can write to the Selection Committee requesting that your academic record from a previous year be considered. You will need to provide documentary evidence of the exceptional circumstances and the impact they had on your grades.

If you have already applied for compassionate or aegrotat consideration in courses in your most recent year of academic study, further consideration cannot be given.

If I began my law degree at another New Zealand tertiary institution, how will I be assessed?
If you have completed the equivalent of the University of Auckland’s LLB Part I (LAW 121G and LAW 131) and six non-law university degree courses (equivalent to 90 points), your assessment will be the same as for students of the University of Auckland who have completed LLB Part I.

If you have done further university law courses, transfer and admission will depend on how much of your law degree you have completed. You should contact a Faculty of Law student adviser for advice on your individual situation.

Will Summer School results be included in my GPA calculation?
Yes they will, provided the Summer School courses were completed in the same year that the application is lodged. All courses contributing to a GPA for selection purposes need to have been completed by the time applications close.

Am I able to study law part-time?
You can study law part-time, but all courses are timetabled between the hours 8am and 6pm. As a part-time student you would take fewer courses each semester, depending on your other commitments.

Am I able to study law extramurally?
It is not possible to study law courses extramurally from the University of Auckland.

For a wide range of accommodation options visit www.accommodation.auckland.ac.nz
To check out our scholarship opportunities visit www.scholarships.auckland.ac.nz

All University of Auckland campuses are smoke free environments.

Frequently asked questions

“I decided when I was 10-years-old that I wanted to be a lawyer – despite my mother wanting me to study a science-related degree! I haven’t changed my mind ever since.

“My main reason for wanting to study Law was because I wanted to help people and be an advocate for marginalised groups in our society. As I have progressed through my Law degree, my passion for wanting to help people has only grown stronger. I’m very interested in family law and youth justice, so my goal is to work in this area.

“Law is intellectually stimulating and challenging, but at the same time it is extremely rewarding – especially when you see your hard work paying off. I won the First in Course Award for Family Law and three other awards, which was very satisfying.

“We have outstanding lecturers who are incredibly supportive and that makes a real difference to our study. I’ve enjoyed taking different electives and being able to explore several areas of law.

“Because the Law School is tight-knit, I’ve created friendships that will last way beyond our studies. Spending so much time with like-minded people is a real privilege.”

Marian Hassan is studying for a Bachelor of Laws and has completed a Bachelor of Arts.
Where to from here?

So, you’ve made your decision on what you want to study, and now it’s time to apply.

What do you need to do? It’s a two-step process to apply and enrol for your chosen programme.

First you need to apply

Go to www.apply.auckland.ac.nz and complete the Application for Admission. If you haven’t already, you’ll be asked to sign up for a new account. It’s easy, and you’ll soon be underway in making your application. If you are applying for LLB Part I, you need to apply for Law and another bachelors degree (relevant to your non-law courses). If you are applying for a conjoint programme you should make a conjoint application in addition to applying for the two individual degrees. Admission to a conjoint programme with Law requires a higher entry standard.

For LLB Part I, select “LLB Part I” for your plan. Next you will receive an acknowledgement email asking you to provide certified documents (and in some cases to complete other requirements*) before your application can be assessed.

Remember, you can apply for more than one programme. We’ll be assessing your application, and you can check your application status online at any time. Be patient though — documents can take 3–4 weeks to process during peak admission periods. Some of your documents might take longer to process than others, despite being sent in at the same time.

If your application is successful, we’ll email you an offer — normally from mid-January**. To accept or decline this offer, log onto www.apply.auckland.ac.nz.

Next you need to enrol

Once you’ve accepted an offer of place in a programme, you can enrol in a course. If you need some help with the enrolment process, visit www.auckland.ac.nz/enrolment for an online tutorial.

To find out more about our subjects and courses, go to www.law.auckland.ac.nz, come in or email undergradlaw@auckland.ac.nz.

Also check out Courses and Careers Day on 27 August 2016.

Next you need to make sure you pay your fees! You’ll find all the details at www.auckland.ac.nz/fees.

Stuck? At any point in the process you can find answers to your questions 24/7 at www.askauckland.ac.nz.

Money matters

This table is based on the 2016 fees schedule for an LLB student enrolled in a full-time load of 120 points and should be used as a guide only. For updated fees information, refer to www.auckland.ac.nz/fees.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Domestic student</th>
<th>$6,212.40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>International student</td>
<td>$31,510.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This is the annual tuition fee. All fees are charged on a per point basis. Part-time students taking fewer than 120 points will pay proportionately lower fees.

Dates to remember

Closing dates for applications for admission in 2017

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programme</th>
<th>Closing Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LLB Part I</td>
<td>8 December 2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LLB Part II</td>
<td>1 December 2016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Academic year 2017

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Summer School</td>
<td>5 January 2017</td>
<td>22 February 2017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Semester One</td>
<td>6 March 2017</td>
<td>3 July 2017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Semester Two</td>
<td>24 July 2017</td>
<td>20 November 2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Disclaimer: Although every reasonable effort is made to ensure accuracy, the information in this prospectus is provided as a general guide only for students and is subject to alteration. All students enrolling at the University of Auckland must consult its official document, the current Calendar of the University of Auckland, to ensure they are aware of and comply with all regulations, requirements and policies. Publication date: March 2016.